

LOSSES INCURRED—OTTAWA AND HULL CONFLAGRATION.

Name of Company.	Losses incurred, less reinsurances in Licensed Companies.	Name of Company.	Losses incurred, less reinsurances in Licensed Companies.
<i>Canadian Companies.</i>	\$		\$
Anglo-American	23,907	National of Ireland	76,049
British America	98,262	North British	254,575
Canadian Fire	13,230	Northern	51,778
London Mutual	13,609	Norwich Union	148,952
Mercantile Fire	19,501	Phoenix of London	191,579
Ottawa Fire	29,882	Royal	198,752
Quebec Fire	34,258	Scottish Union and National ..	63,373
Victoria-Montreal	27,199	Sun	50,452
Western	164,683	Union Assurance	179,800
Total	424,531	Total	2,525,872
<i>British Companies.</i>		<i>United States Companies.</i>	
Alliance	153,000	Ætna Fire	181,976
Atlas	57,731	American Fire	15,018
Caledonian	175,000	Connecticut Fire	24,461
Commercial Union	98,075	Hartford Fire	183,726
Guardian	170,720	Insurance Co. of North America	97,747
Imperial	96,000	Phenix, of Brooklyn	34,801
Lancashire	99,226	Phenix, of Hartford	38,306
Law Union and Crown	17,259	Queen	135,660
Liverpool and London and Globe	118,289	Total	711,695
London and Lancashire	89,860	Grand total	3,662,098
London Assurance	71,834		
Manchester	163,568		

In recent times there have been two or three great fires in Canada, the traces of which are seen in the statistics. In St. John, N.B., in 1877 a fire swept over 200 acres opened up by $9\frac{1}{2}$ miles of street. Over 1,600 houses were destroyed and 13,000 persons rendered homeless. 615 places of business were burned to the ground.

In Ottawa, April 26, 1900, a fire swept over a large part of Hull, crossed the river and destroyed many houses in the western part of Ottawa. It was estimated that in all 3,000 houses were burned and 15,000 persons made homeless. The insurance paid was in the neighbourhood of four million dollars. The loss of property was estimated at nine millions, and the donations of the people of the British Empire and the United States amounted to about one million dollars.